

Structure of BA Economics (Honours) [BAECH] by COURSES

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
BECC 101	Introductory Microeconomics	6
BECC 102	Mathematical Methods for Economics I	6
BECC 103	Introductory Macroeconomics	6
BECC 104	Mathematical Methods for Economics II	6
BECC 105	Intermediate Microeconomics I	6
BECC 106	Intermediate Macroeconomics I	6
BECC 107	Statistical Methods for Economics	6
BECC 108	Intermediate Microeconomics II	6
BECC 109	Intermediate Macroeconomics II	6
BECC 110	Introductory Econometrics	6
BECC 111	Indian Economy I	6
BECC 112	Development Economics I	6
BECC 113	Indian Economy II	6
BECC 114	Development Economics II	6
BECE 141	Economics of Health and Education	6
BECC 142	Applied Econometrics	6
BECC 143	Environmental Economics	6
BECC 144	Financial Economics	6
BEVAE 181	Environmental Studies	4
BEGAE 182	English Communication	4
BHDAV 182	Hindi Bhasha Aur Samprashan	4
BPCS 185	Developing Emotional Competence	4
BECS 184	Data Analysis	4
BSOG 171	Indian Societies: Images and Realities	6
BPAG 172	Governance: Issues and Challenges	6
BPAG 173	E-Governance	6
BPAG 174	Sustainable Development	6

1 CORE COURSES

I Introductory Microeconomics (BECC 101)

6 credits

Economics is a live subject. It helps the economic agents in making their decision on: which commodities to produce? How to produce? Which techniques to use? Which factors or resources to use? In which combinations to produce and what quantity of a commodity should be produced? Further, how consumers make their purchasing decisions and how their choices are affected by changing prices and incomes, etc. are also answered.

Today, a wide spectrum of activities are included in the domain of Microeconomics. These include: (a) consumer's behaviour or choice process; (b) producers' behaviour or how is the production organised and carried on, what is the special role of cost functions therein and the different forms of market organisations; (c) co-operation of different individuals in the process of production by contributing factors owned by them; (d) various types of efficiencies; (e) under what situations market fail and what role the State can play in such situations? The present course on 'Introductory Microeconomics' aims at exposing the learners to each of these aspects. The course is divided into six blocks as follows:

SYLLABUS

Block 1 Introduction

- Unit 1 Introduction to Economics and Economy
- Unit 2 Demand and Supply Analysis
- Unit 3 Demand and Supply in Practice

Block 2 Theory of Consumer Behaviour

- Unit 4 Consumer Behaviour: Cardinal Approach
- Unit 5 Consumer Behaviour: Ordinal Approach

Block 3 Production and Costs

- Unit 6 Production with One Variable Input
- Unit 7 Production with Two and More Variable Inputs
- Unit 8 The Cost of Production

Block 4 Market Structure

- Unit 9 Perfect Competition: Firm and Industry's Equilibrium
- Unit 10 Monopoly: Price and Output Decisions
- Unit 11 Monopolistic Competition: Price and Output Decisions
- Unit 12 Oligopoly: Price and Output Decisions

Block 5 Factor Market

- Unit 13 Factor Market and Pricing Decisions
- Unit 14 Labour Market
- Unit 15 Land Market

Block 6 Welfare, Market Failure and the Role of Government

- Unit 16 Welfare: Allocative Efficiency under Perfect Competition
- Unit 17 Efficiency of the Market Mechanism: Market Failure and the Role of the State

II Mathematical Methods in Economics-I (BECC 102) 6 credits

This course introduces the learners to basic mathematical concepts, tools and techniques, and also discusses how these techniques are applied to economic analysis. The students also learn to think about the appropriate mathematical tool to apply to a given economic phenomenon or process or idea. The course discusses sets, relations functions and logic. The students also learn about coordinate geometry, differential and integral calculus, and single-variable optimization. Finally the students are exposed to basic linear and non-linear difference equations.

SYLLABUS

Block 1 Preliminaries

Unit 1 Sets and Set Operations
Unit 2 Relations and Functions
Unit 3 Logic

Block 2 Functions Of One Independent Variable

Unit 4 Elementary Types of Functions
Unit 5 Analytical Geometry
Unit 6 Sequences and Series

Block 3 Differentiation

Unit 7 Limits
Unit 8 Continuity
Unit 9 First-Order Derivatives
Unit 10 Higher-Order Derivatives

Block 4 Single-Variable Optimisation

Unit 11 Concave and Convex Functions
Unit 12 Optimisation Methods

Block 5 Integration

Unit 13 Indefinite Integrals
Unit 14 Definite Integrals

Block 6 Difference Equations

Unit 15 Linear Difference Equations
Unit 16 Non-Linear Difference Equations

III Introductory Macroeconomics (BECC 103) 6 credits

This course introduces the students to the basic concepts of macroeconomics. It discusses the preliminary concepts associated with determination and measurement of macroeconomic variables such as saving, investment, GDP, money, inflation, and Balance of Payments.

SYLLABUS

Block 1: Issues in Macroeconomics and National Income Accounting

Unit 1 Issues and Concepts
Unit 2 National Income Accounting
Unit 3 Measuring Economic Performance

Block 2: Money in a Modern Economy

Unit 4 Definition and Functions of Money
Unit 5 Demand for Money
Unit 6 Monetary Policy

Block 3: Inflation

Unit 7 Inflation: Concept, Types and Measurement
Unit 8 Causes and Effects of Inflation

Block 4: The Closed Economy in the Short-run

Unit 9 Classical and Keynesian Systems
Unit 10 Keynesian Model of Income Determination
Unit 11 Fiscal Policy in Keynesian Model

Block 5: IS-LM Analysis

Unit 12 Equilibrium in the Real Sector
Unit 13 Equilibrium in the Monetary Sector
Unit 14 Neoclassical Synthesis

IV Mathematical Methods in Economics-II (BECC 104) 6 credits

This course continues from the core course BECC 102 that the students studied in the first semester. The course takes up several topics in mathematical economics. The students learn about multivariate functions and multivariate differentiation, as well as multivariate optimization. The course also discusses linear algebra — vectors, matrices and determinants, as their applications in economics. The students are also familiarized with first- and second-order differential equations.

SYLLABUS

Block 1 Functions Of Several Variables

Unit 1 Multivariate Calculus I

Unit 2 Multivariate Calculus II

Block 2 Differential Equations

Unit 3 First-Order Differential Equations

Unit 4 Second-Order Differential Equations

Block 3 Linear Algebra

Unit 5 Vectors and Vector Spaces:

Unit 6 Matrices and Determinants

Unit 7 Linear Economic Models

Block 4 Multi Variate Optimisation

Unit 8 Unconstrained Optimisation

Unit 9 Constrained Optimisation with
Equality Constraints

Unit 10 Duality

V Intermediate Microeconomics-I (BECC 105) 6 credits

This course on Intermediate microeconomics builds up on the Principles of Microeconomics course studied in Semester 1 and provides an analysis of how the economic theory developed can be directly applied to help economic agents in taking decisions pertaining to maximising utility, minimising cost, maximising profit, taking output or pricing decisions, etc. It achieves this through combining microeconomic theory with the application part using graphical analysis, algebra and calculus. In order to grasp this course well, a student is expected to have passed an introductory microeconomics course, and have some working knowledge of calculus (mostly derivatives), basic algebra and graphing skills.

The course structure is divided into 3 blocks. Each block is further sub-divided in a number of Units. Each Unit in itself is self-contained and has organic linkages with all other Units. Throughout the course, in each unit, student will encounter a synchronized set of introductory theory, illustrative examples and check your progress exercises—designed to provide conceptual clarity to the student. In a way, allowing students to develop their abilities to evaluate, analyze and synthesize economic information.

SYLLABUS

Block 1 Consumer theory

Unit 1 Preferences and Utility

Unit 2 Consumer's Equilibrium

Unit 3 Consumer's Surplus

Unit 4 Choice under Uncertainty and Inter-
temporal Choice

Block 3 Equilibrium Under Perfect Competition

Unit 7 Profit Maximisation by a Competitive
Firm

Unit 8 Efficiency of a Competitive Market

Block 2 Production and Cost

Unit 5 Production Function with One and More Variable Inputs

Unit 6 Cost Function

VI Intermediate Macroeconomics – I (BECC 106)

6 credits

This course introduces the students to formal modeling of a macro-economy in terms of analytical tools. It discusses various alternative theories of output and employment determination in a closed economy in the short run as well as medium run, and the role of policy in this context. It also introduces the students to various theoretical issues related to an open economy.

SYLLABUS

Block 1: Aggregate Demand and Supply

Unit 1 Aggregate Demand Curve

Unit 2 Aggregate Supply Curve

Unit 3 Equilibrium Output and Prices

Block 2: Expectations, Inflation and Unemployment

Unit 4 Adaptive Expectations

Unit 5 Rational Expectations

Unit 6 Inflation and Unemployment

Block 3: Balance of Payments and Exchange Rates

Unit 7 Financial Markets

Unit 8 Balance of Payments

Unit 9 Exchange Rate Determination

Block 4: Open Economy Models

Unit 10 Mundell-Fleming Model

Unit 11 Dornbusch's Overshooting Model

Unit 12 Macroeconomic Policy in an Open Economy

VII Statistical Methods for Economics (BECC 107)

6 credits

This course introduces students to the concepts and techniques of presentation and summarisation of data. It then develops the notion of probability, followed by probability distributions of discrete and continuous random variables. It introduces students to basics of sampling and statistical inference. In addition, the course provides elementary ideas of index number, deterministic time series and demography.

SYLLABUS

Block 1 Descriptive Statistics

Unit 1 Basic Statistical Concepts

Unit 2 Tabulation and Graphical Representation of Data

Unit 3 Summarisation of Univariate Data

Unit 4 Moments and Skewness-Kurtosis

Block 2 Summarisation of Bivariate and Multivariate Data

Unit 5 Correlation and Regression

Unit 6 Index Numbers

Block 3 Probability Theory

Unit 9 Elementary Probability

Unit 10 Discrete Probability Distributions

Unit 11 Continuous Probability Distributions

Block 4 Sampling and Statistical Inference

Unit 12 Sampling Procedure

Unit 7 Deterministic Time Series and
Forecasting
Unit 8 Demography

Unit 13 Estimation and Testing of
Hypotheses
Unit 14 Chi-squared Test

VIII Intermediate Microeconomics-II (BECC 108)

6 credits

This course on Intermediate microeconomics builds up on the Principles of Microeconomics course studied in Semester 1 and provides an analysis of how the economic theory developed can be directly applied to help economic agents in taking decisions pertaining to maximising utility, minimising cost, maximising profit, taking output or pricing decisions, etc. It achieves this through combining microeconomic theory with the application part using graphical analysis, algebra and calculus. In order to grasp this course well, a student is expected to have passed Introductory Microeconomics and Intermediate Microeconomics-I courses, and have some working knowledge of calculus (mostly derivatives), basic algebra and graphing skills.

The course structure is divided into 4 blocks. Each block is further sub-divided in a number of Units. Block 1 deals with the issues relating to the General Equilibrium framework in the context of Production and the Overall Efficiency and welfare Economics. Block 2 and 3 throw light on various forms of the markets under Imperfect Competition. In real-life situations, market does not provide results as envisioned by the price theory. Such a market failure is observed in case there are externalities, Public goods and/or asymmetric information. Hence, these issues have been covered in Block 4.

SYLLABUS

Block 1 General Equilibrium

Unit 1 General Equilibrium with Production.
Unit 2 Overall Efficiency and Welfare
Economics

Block2 Imperfect Competition I

Unit 3 Monopoly
Unit 4 Monopolistic Competition

Block3 Imperfect Competition II

Unit 5 Oligopoly
Unit 6 Game Theory and its Applications

Block4Market Failure

Unit 7 Externalities and Public Goods
Unit 8 Asymmetric Information

IX Intermediate Macroeconomics –II (BECC 109)

6 credits

This course is a sequel to BECC - 106: Intermediate Macroeconomics - I. In this course, the students are introduced to issues in the long run such as economic growth and technical progress. The course provides the micro-foundations to the various aggregative concepts used in BECC- 106.

SYLLABUS

Block 1: Economic Growth

- Unit 1 Harrod-Domar Model
- Unit 2 Solow Model
- Unit 3 Endogenous Growth Models
- Unit 4 Business Cycle

Block 2: Microeconomic Foundations

- Unit 5 Inter-temporal Choice
- Unit 6 Investment Function
- Unit 7 Demand for Money: Post Keynesian View

Block 3: Fiscal and Monetary Policy

- Unit 8 Fiscal Policy
- Unit 9 Monetary Policy

Block 4: Schools of Macroeconomic Thought

- Unit 10 Evolution of Macroeconomic Thought –I
- Unit 11 Evolution of Macroeconomic Thought –II

X Introductory Econometrics (BECC 110)

6 credits

This course provides a comprehensive introduction to basic econometric concepts and techniques. It covers statistical concepts of hypothesis testing, estimation and diagnostic testing of simple and multiple regression models. The course also covers the consequences of violations of assumptions and their detection/treatment.

SYLLABUS

Block 1: Econometric Theory: Fundamentals

- Unit 1 Introduction
- Unit 2 Over view of Statistical Concepts
- Unit 3 Overview of Testing of Hypotheses

Block 2: Regression Models: Two-variables Case

- Unit 4 Simple Linear Regression Model: Estimation
- Unit 5 Simple Linear Regression Model: Inference
- Unit 6 Extension of Two Variable Regression Models

Block 3: Multiple Regression Models

- Unit 7 Multiple Linear Regression Model: Estimation
- Unit 8 Multiple Linear Regression Model: Inference
- Unit 9 Extension of Regression Models

Block 4: Treatment of Violations of Assumptions and Specification

- Unit 10 Multicollinearity
- Unit 11 Heteroscedasticity
- Unit 12 Autocorrelation

XI Indian Economy-I (BECC 111)

6 credits

The course introduces the students to the basic features of Indian Economy. The state of economy as we inherited it at the time of independence, resources available and constraints, structural changes in the economy as it has evolved over time, demographic features, etc. are dealt with. Critical issues of Indian economy like poverty, inequality, unemployment, health and nutritional status, etc. are discussed. An international comparative profile of issues like growth and structural changes, trade and balance of payment, and governance and institutions is also provided.

SYLLABUS

Block 1: Economic Development Since Independence

- Unit 1 Economy at the Time of Independence
- Unit 2 Development Paradigms
- Unit 3 Structural Changes
- Unit 4 Resources and Constraints

Block 2: Population and Human Development

- Unit 5 Demographic Features
- Unit 6 Education Sector
- Unit 7 Health and Nutrition

Block 3: Growth and Distribution

- Unit 8 Poverty
- Unit 9 Inequality
- Unit 10 Employment and Unemployment

Block 4: International Comparisons

- Unit 11 Growth and Structural Changes
- Unit 12 Social and Economic Development
- Unit 13 Trade and Balance of Payment
- Unit 14 Governance and Institutions

XII Development Economics-I (BECC 112)

6 credits

This course familiarizes the students with the concepts of economic growth and development. The course discusses the concepts of growth and development. The students learn about growth theories and models, and the determinants of growth. The course also discusses poverty and inequality, and also political institutions, democracy, regulation, as well as government failure.

SYLLABUS

Block 1: Growth and Development

- Unit 1 Concepts, Indicators and Measurement
- Unit 2 International Comparisons

Block 2 Growth Models: Theory and Evidence

- Unit 3 Introduction to Growth Models
- Unit 4 Harrod-Domar Model
- Unit 5 The Solow Model
- Unit 6 Endogenous Growth Models
- Unit 7 Determinants of Growth

Block 3 Inequality and Poverty

- Unit 8 Inequality
- Unit 9 Poverty

Block 4 Political Institutions and the Functioning of the State

- Unit 10 Institutions and Evolution of Democracy
- Unit 11 Theories of Regulation
- Unit 12 Government Failure and Corruption

XIII Indian Economy-II (BECC 113)

6 credits

After introducing the basic features of Indian Economy in the course BECC 111, the present course introduces you to the macroeconomic policy dimensions and provides a sectoral perspective of Indian economy. Under the former, it covers the four themes of: (i) monetary policy, (ii) fiscal policy, (iii) trade and investment policy and (iv) labour laws and regulations. Under the latter, the course deals with the different issues of three broad sectors viz. agricultural sector, industrial sector and services sector.

SYLLABUS

Block 1: Macroeconomic Policies

- Unit 1 Monetary Policy
- Unit 2 Fiscal Policy
- Unit 3 Trade and Investment Policy
- Unit 4 Labour Laws and Regulations

Block 2: Agricultural Sector

- Unit 5 Performance of Agricultural Sector
- Unit 6 Agrarian Relations and Market Linkages
- Unit 7 Capital Formation and Productivity
- Unit 8 Agricultural Policy

Block 3: Industrial Sector

- Unit 9 Industrial Growth and Policy
- Unit 10 Small Scale Industries

Block 4: Services Sector

- Unit 11 Features of Services Sector
- Unit 12 Policy Issues for Services Sector

XIV Development Economics-II (BECC 114)

6 credits

This course extends the discussion from core course BECC 112 on the economics of economic growth and development. The students learn about demography and development. The course discusses the markets for labour, land and credit in developing countries. The students also learn about the role of communities and social institutions in development. The course also aims to provide a detailed and balanced discussion about globalization and development.

SYLLABUS

Block 1: Demography and Development

- Unit 1 Demographic Concepts
- Unit 2 Demographic Transitions and Process of Development

Block 2: Land, Labour and Credit Markets

- Unit 3 Land
- Unit 4 Labour
- Unit 5 Credit

Block 3: Individuals, Communities and Collective Outcomes

- Unit 6 Individual Behaviour in Social Environments
- Unit 7 Governance in Organisations and Communities
- Unit 8 Environment and Sustainable Development

Block 4: Globalisation and Development

- Unit 9 Globalisation in Historical Perspective
- Unit 10 The Economics of Globalisation

2 DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES

I Economics of Health and Education (BECE 141) 6 credits

This elective course introduces you to the concepts of human capital and human development. Issues of measurement of health benefits and educational outcomes are discussed. Role of government in the context of market failure (as it applies to the sectors of education and health), health policy and policy for financing of education in India are explained.

SYLLABUS

Block 1 Introduction

Unit 1 Health and Education for Human Capital

Unit 2 Role of Health in Human Development

Block 2 Foundations of Health Economics

Unit 3 Demand for Healthcare Services

Unit 4 Supply of Healthcare Services

Unit 5 Measurement of Health Benefits

Block 3 Health Policy

Unit 6 Market Failure and the Role of the Government

Unit 7 Public Health Services

Block 4 Health Sector in India

Unit 8 Status of Health and Medical Care in India

Unit 9 Health Policy in India

Block 5 Economics of Education

Unit 10 Human Capital

Unit 11 Demand and Supply Considerations of Education

Block 6 Education Sector in India

Unit 12 Status of Educational Outcomes

Unit 13 Government Policy and Financing of Education in India

II Applied Econometrics (BECC 142) 6 credits

The aim of this course is to provide a foundation in applied econometric analysis and develop skills required for empirical research in economics. Since the emphasis is on application of methods, this course includes providing an understanding of econometric software and computing skills.

SYLLABUS

Block 1: Empirical Issues in Econometric Research

Unit 1 Stages in Empirical Research

Unit 2 Specification Issues

Unit 3 Model Selection Criteria

Block 3: Panel Data Models

Unit 8 Introduction to Panel Data

Unit 9 Estimation of Panel Data Models

Block 2: Advanced Topics in Regression Analysis

- Unit 4 Distributed-lag Models
- Unit 5 Auto-regressive Models
- Unit 6 Simultaneous Equation Models - I
- Unit 7 Simultaneous Equation Models - II

Block 4 Introduction to Econometric Software Packages

- Unit 10 Introduction to GRET
- Unit 11 Introduction to E-Views
- Unit 12 Introduction to STATA

III Environmental Economics (BECE 143)**6 credits**

Reviewing the concepts of microeconomics and welfare economics, this elective course discusses the themes of market failure and property rights in the context of environment. The two approaches to deal with environmental issues viz. command and control policy approach and market based instrument are explained. Issues of Transboundary environmental problems and linkage of environment with trade are discussed. Other major related themes like: (i) green accounting, (ii) sustainability and (iii) valuation of environment are also discussed.

SYLLABUS**Block 1: Introduction**

- Unit 1 Economy and Environment
- Unit 2 Review of Microeconomics and Welfare Economics

Block 2: Theory of Externalities

- Unit 3 Market Failure
- Unit 4 Property Rights and Coase Theorem

Block 3: Environmental Policy

- Unit 5 Command and Control Policy Approach
- Unit 6 Market Based Instruments
- Unit 7 Implementation of Environmental Policy

Block 4: International Environmental Problems

- Unit 8 Transboundary Environmental Problems
- Unit 9 Trade and Environment

Block 5: Valuation of Environment

- Unit 10 Economic Value of Environmental Services
- Unit 11 Non-market Valuation of Environmental Services
- Unit 12 Green Accounting

Block 6: Sustainable Development

- Unit 13 Sustainable Development
- Unit 14 Growth and Environment

IV Financial Economics (BECE 144)**6 credits**

This Discipline Specific Elective Course introduces the students to financial instruments, institutions and markets. The students are familiarized with statistical tools relevant to finance, as well as with spreadsheet software. The course discusses cash flows- deterministic and random- as well as with asset pricing (including the pricing of derivatives). The students also learn about corporate finance and policy.

SYLLABUS

Block 1 Financial Instruments Markets and Institutions

- Unit 1 Financial Markets
- Unit 2 Financial Institutions
- Unit 3 Financial Instruments

Block 2 Elementary Statistics and Spreadsheets

- Unit 4 Elementary Statistics
- Unit 5 Elementary Spreadsheets

Block 3 Deterministic Cash Flow Streams

- Unit 6 Basic Theory of Interest
- Unit 7 Fixed Income Securities

Block 4 Single-Period Random Cash Flows

- Unit 8 Risk and Uncertainty
- Unit 9 Random Assets
- Unit 10 Portfolio Mean and Variance Analysis

Block 5 Asset Pricing

- Unit 11 Markowitz Model
- Unit 12 Capital Asset Pricing Model

Block 6 Pricing of Futures Options and Other Derivatives

- Unit 13 Forwards and Futures
- Unit 14 Options Swaps and Other Derivatives

Block 7 Corporate Finance and Policy

- Unit 15 Patterns of Corporate Financing
- Unit 16 Corporate Policy

3 ABILITY/SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES

BEVAE 181: Environment Studies

Earth is the only known planet in the solar system that supports life. Despite the vastness of the earth, life exists only in a very thin layer enveloping the earth called biosphere. Sun is the only source of energy which enables continuous interaction among various life forms. For a long period of time, there has been a symbiotic relationship between human being and nature. Due to excessive human interference and unsustainable practices, millions of people's life and livelihoods and other living organisms on the earth are at risk. These environmental issues have now become common problems and shared responsibility of each individual on the earth to act judiciously to reverse these negative impacts. Therefore, there has been a growing need to create awareness amongst all the stakeholders. Keeping this in view, Environmental Study is being introduced as a compulsory course for all the learners at under-Graduate level.

Block 1 An Introduction to Environment and Environmental Issues

- Unit 1 Our Environment
- Unit 2 Ecosystems
- Unit 3 Major Ecosystems

- Unit 8 Biodiversity: Threats and Conservation
- Unit 9 Environmental Pollution and Hazard
- Unit 10 Waste Management
- Unit 11 Global Environmental Issues

Block 2 Natural Resources

- Unit 4 Land and Water
- Unit 5 Forest Resources
- Unit 6 Biodiversity: Value And Services
- Unit 7 Energy Resources

Block 4 Protecting our Environment: Policies and Practices

- Unit 12 Environmental Legislation
- Unit 13 Human Communities and Environment
- Unit 14 Environmental Ethics

Block 3 Environmental Issues and Concerns

TMA-Based on Field Work- Report of be submitted – 5 hours

- Visit to an area to document environmental assets: river/forest/ flora/ fauna etc.
- Visit to a local polluted site- Urban/ Rural / Industrial/ Agricultural
- Study of common plants, insects, birds and basic principles of identification
- Study of simple ecosystems-pond, river, Delhi Ridge, etc.

BEGAE 182: English Communication Skills

4 credits

English Communication Skills is of 4 credits and has 3 Blocks and 11 Units. Communication involves both verbal and non-verbal communication. In this Course we give you an understanding of the communication process, the barriers to it, the skills involved in communication i.e. listening, speaking, reading and writing in both formal and informal contexts. We discuss the differences between spoken and written forms of the language and make you sensitive to conversational skills which include to a large extent, body language.

BHDAE 182: fganh Hkk'kk vkSj laizs'k.k

4 credits

Bl ikB~;Øe esa fganh Hkk'kk vkSj laizs'k.k Is lacaf/kr fcanqvksa dk v/;;u dj;k tk,xkA ;g ikB~;Øe 4 ØsfMV dk gSA bl ikB~;Øe eas fganh Hkk'kk vkSj laizs'k.k Is lacaf/kr fuEufyf[kr fcanqvksa dks “kkfey fd;k x;k gS%

fganh Hkk'kk dk fodkl] Hkk'kk dh ifjHkk'kk] izÑfr ,oa fofok :i(fganh Hkk'kk dh fo"ks'krk,; % fØ;k] foHkfDr] loZuke] fo"ks'k.k ,oa vO;; laca/khA fganh dh o.kZ&O;oLFkk % Loj ,oa O;atuA Loj ds izdkj&Lo] nh?kZ rFkk la;qDrA O;atu ds izdkj&Li"kZ] vUrLFk] Å'e] vYiizk.k] egkizk.k] ?kks'k rFkk v?kks'kA oxksZa dk mPpkj.k LFkk % d.B~;] rkyO;] ew)ZU;] nUR;] vks'B~; rFkk nUrks'B~;A cyk?kk] laxe] vuqrku rFkk laf/kA Hkk'kk laizs'k.k ds pj.k% Jo.k] vfHkO;fDr] okpu rFkk ys[kuA fganhokD; jpuk] okD; vkSj miokD; A okD; HksnA okD; dk :ikUrjA

BPCS 185: Developing Emotional Competence

4 Credits

The course is a skill enhancement course and is offered in the *third semester*. The course will introduce the concept of emotion and highlight the relationship between emotional intelligence and emotional competence. Further, it will help the learners know and acquire different strategies to develop emotional competencies.

BECS 184: Data Analysis

4 credits

In the present era of information society, information is one of the major driving forces for social, economic, political and cultural development of a country. Information is created, presented in various visual forms, related with other form of information and then used for economic and decision making activities.

One of the key ingredients of creating information is Data. The data is the raw form of information which is to be collected, cleaned and processed. Data, therefore, need to be analyzed and converted to simpler presentable forms like tables and graphs so that it can be utilized in a more meaningful manner. The knowledge of tools and techniques of data collection, data presentation and data analysis by using the spread sheet package is high in demand in almost all the sectors of economy. This skill enhancement course will equip you with the tools and techniques of collection, presentation and analysis of data through using the spreadsheet package (excel) which, in turn, will enhance your employability. The course comprises of four blocks.

SYLLABUS

Block 1 Review of Mathematical and Statistical Concepts

- Unit 1 Mathematical Concepts
- Unit 2 Statistical Concepts
- Unit 3 Introduction to Statistical Software

Block 2 Data Collection and Presentation of Data

- Unit 4 Data Collection: Methods and Sources
- Unit 5 Tools of Data Collection

- Unit 6 Data Presentation

Block 3 Analysis of Quantitative Data

- Unit 7 Univariate Data Analysis
- Unit 8 Bivariate Data Analysis
- Unit 9 Multivariate Data Analysis

Block 4 Composite Index Numbers and Qualitative Data

- Unit 10 Composite Index Numbers
- Unit 11 Analysis of Qualitative Data

4. GENERIC ELECTIVES

BSOG 171: Indian Society: Images and Realities**6 credits**

This course provides an interdisciplinary introduction to Indian society.

SYLLABUS**Block 1 Ideas of India**

- Unit 1 Civilization and Culture
- Unit 2 India as Colony
- Unit 3 Nation, State and Society

- Unit 7 Caste and Class

- Unit 8 Tribe and Ethnicity

- Unit 9 Family and Marriage

- Unit 10 Kinship

Block 2 Institutions and Processes

- Unit 4 Village India
- Unit 5 Urban India
- Unit 6 Language and Religion and Protest

Block 3 Critiques

- Unit 11 Class, Power and Inequality

- Unit 12 Resistance

BPAG 172: Governance: Issues and Challenges**6 Credits**

This Course on 'Governance: Issues and Challenges' deals with the concepts, various dimensions and emerging perspectives on governance bringing forth the major debates in the contemporary times. An attempt is made to introduce the learners to the concepts of globalisation, government, State, market, civil society and governance.

It examines the conceptual dimensions, governance framework in India and role of stakeholders in governance. The changing dimensions of development and varied aspects of strengthening of democracy through governance are analysed. The gamut of governance in contemporary times is expanding with new perspectives such as changing role of bureaucracy, information and communication technology, impact of media, transparency and accountability, sustainable human development, corporate governance, which form part of this Course.

The important aspects of local governance, inclusive and participative governance are discussed. The essence of governance is explored in the Course through various good governance initiatives in India.

SYLLABUS

Block 1 Government and Governance: Concepts	Unit 9 Role of Media
Unit 1 Globalisation: Role of State, Market and Civil Society	Unit 10 Corporate Governance
Unit 2 Governance: Conceptual Dimensions	Unit 11 Sustainable Human Development
Unit 3 Governance Framework in India	Unit 12 Transparency and Accountability
Unit 4 Stakeholders in Governance	Block 4 Local Governance
Block 2 Governance and Development	Unit 13 Decentralisation and Local Governance
Unit 5 Changing Dimensions of Development	Unit 14 Inclusive and Participative Governance
Unit 6 Strengthening Democracy through Governance	Block 5 Good Governance Initiatives in India
Block 3 Governance: Emerging Perspectives	Unit 15 Public Service Guarantee Act, Citizen's Charter, Right to Information, Corporate Social Responsibility
Unit 7 Governance Challenges and Changing Role of Bureaucracy	
Unit 8 Information and Communication Technology and Governance	

BPAG 173: E-governance

6 credits

This Course deals with the conceptual framework of e-governance in public administration organisations. Highlighting the concept, models, roles, and significance, ICT-components and applications, and information systems, this Course encompasses all vital areas and sectors pertaining to rural development, urban development, e-learning, e-commerce, and e-health. Further, it deals with certain measures for an effective implementation of e-governance.

SYLLABUS

Block 1 E-governance-A Conceptual Framework	Unit 5 E-governance in Government Departments/Institutions/Agencies
Unit 1 Concept, Models, Roles, and Significance	Block 3 Role of ICT in Local Governance
Unit 2 ICT-Components and Applications	Unit 6 E-Rural Development
Unit 3 Information Systems	Unit 7 E-Urban Development
Block 2 Role of ICT in Administration	Unit 8 E-learning
Unit 4 Transforming Administrative Culture	Unit 9 E-commerce
	Unit 10 E-health

Block 4 Measures for Effective Implementation of E-governance

Unit 11 Challenges, Measures for having effective e-governance

BPAG 174: Sustainable Development

6 Credits

The Course attempts to examine the challenges of balancing development and environment. The objective of the Course is to explain the major components of Sustainable Development by underlining its meaning, nature and scope. It brings home the point that it is not possible to develop, if we are disregarding of what is left behind for our future progeny. The Course examines the goals of Sustainable Development and discusses the role of Global Commons and Climate Change. The specific feature of the Course is its focus on the relationship between Sustainable Development and Developmental Goals as well as alternative ways of Resource Generation and Capacity Enhancement.

SYLLABUS

Block 1 Concept of Sustainable Development

Unit 1 Meaning, Nature and Scope of Sustainable Development

Unit 2 Major Components of Sustainable Development

Unit 3 Approaches to Sustainable Development

Unit 4 Goals of Sustainable Development

Block 2 Development, Sustainability and Climate Change

Unit 5 Concept of Global Commons and Climate Change

Unit 6 International Conventions on Sustainable Development

Unit 7 Interrelationship among Development, Sustainability and Climate Change: Case for Differentiated Responsibilities

Block 3 Health, Education and Food Security

Unit 8 Relationship between Sustainable Development and Food Security

Unit 9 Role of Green and Converging Technologies toward Health, Sanitation and Food Security

Unit 10 Role of Education in Sustainable Development

Block 4 Sustainable Development: A Way Forward

Unit 11 Role of Policy Innovations in Sustainable Development

Unit 12 Recognition of Ecological limits of Equity and Justice

Unit 13 Alternative ways of Resource Generation and Capacity Enhancement